SAYC OPENING BIDS

1NT/2NT openings

- 1. Open 1NT with
 - a. 15–17 high-card points (HCP).
 - b. One of the following distributions: 4333, 4432, or 5332 with a 5-card *minor* (clubs or diamonds).
 - c. <u>Do not</u> open 1NT with any other distribution. In particular, do not open 1NT with a 5332 distribution and a 5-card major (hearts or spades), even if the point count is in the 15–17 range. Such hands should be opened 1H or 1S, as appropriate.
- 2. Open 2NT with 20–21 HCP and the same distributions as in 1NT.

OPENING BIDS OF ONE IN A SUIT

Hands with 12+ points that cannot be opened 1NT/2NT should normally be opened 1 in a suit. General rules:

- 1. 1H/1S openings require <u>at least 5 cards</u> in that suit (<u>no exceptions!</u>).
- 2. With a suit <u>strictly longer</u> than all the other suits open 1 in that suit, <u>unless the longest suit is a 4-card major</u> (see point 1 above).
- 3. With two (or three) suits of equal length, open 1 in the highest-ranking suit, *unless the highest-ranking suit is a 4-card major* (see point 1 above).

1H/1S openings

- 1. Open 1H/1S with 12+ points and 5 + cards in the suit.
- 2. With $5+ \checkmark$ and $5+ \spadesuit$, open 1 in the longer suit. If the suits are of equal length, open 1S.

1C/1D openings

- 1. Open 1C/1D with 12+ points and a hand that does not qualify for any of the other opening bids listed above (1H/1S/1NT/2NT).
- 2. Normally, 1C/1D opening bids should be made in a suit with 4+ cards (but see the exceptions below):
 - a. With 4+ ♣ and/or 4+ ♦, open 1 in the longer suit. If the suits are of equal length, open 1D.
 - b. With a hand that does not have a 4-card minor suit and cannot be opened 1H/1S/1NT/2NT (e.g. 4333 with a 4-card major and < 15 HCP), open 1C *if holding 3* .
 - c. With $4 \spadesuit$, $4 \heartsuit$, $3 \diamondsuit$ and $2 \clubsuit$, open 1D (unless the point count is suitable for a 1NT or 2NT opening). This is the only distribution that does not fit any of the other cases listed above.
 - d. *Never* open in a suit with only 2 cards.

Weak two-level openings

- 1. Weak two-level openings are $2 \diamondsuit / \diamondsuit / \spadesuit$ (but not $2 \clubsuit$)
- 2. Requirements: 5-11 HCP and a 6-card (or longer) suit of reasonable quality
 - a. Most of the points concentrated in the long suit
 - b. If vulnerable, must hold 2 of the top 3 or 3 of the top 5 honors of the long suit
 - c. If not vulnerable, somewhat weaker suits (e.g. KJxxxx) are acceptable

DEFENSIVE BIDDING

Take-out doubles over suit openings

A double after an opening bid by opponents is for take-out when

- 1. It is the first non-pass bid by both the player who doubles and his/her partner
- 2. It is made against a "low level" opening bid <u>in a suit</u> (e.g. no higher than 2.)

Requirements for a take-out double:

- 1. Approximately opening strength (11/12+ pts)
- 2. No more than 2 cards in opener's suit
- 3. At least 3 cards in each of the remaining suits (ideally, at least 4 cards in the unbid major suits)

Simple (non-jump) suit overcalls (at the one or two level) over suit openings

Minimum requirements: in all cases, at least 8 HCP (but no more than 16) and 5+ cards in the suit chosen for the overcall. Additionally:

- 1. For overcalls at the one level: a "good" suit or a "good" hand (11/12–16 HCP) (or both!)
- 2. For overcalls at the two level: a "good" suit *and* a "good" hand

Jump suit overcalls over suit openings

A jump suit overcall over a suit opening (e.g. $2 \checkmark$ over $1 \checkmark$) has the same meaning and the same requirements as a (preemptive) opening bid at the same level.

1NT overcalls

Requirements:

- 1. 15-18 HCP
- 2. A balanced hand (distribution requirements are not as stringent as in the case of 1NT opening)
- 3. A stopper in opener's suit

Note: when holding a hand that contains a 5-card major suit, it is generally preferable to overcall in the major suit, even if the hand qualifies for a 1NT overcall.